

SAFETY DATA SHEET



HEPA-S200

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : HEPA-S200

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Intermediate. Chemical synthesis.

Area of application : Industrial applications.

Supplier's details : DELAMINE B.V.
Barchman Wuytierslaan 10
3818 LH Amersfoort
The Netherlands
Tel.:31-334676897

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : SDS.Delamine@delamine.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : GBK/Infotrac ID 104075 : (USA domestic) 1 800 535 5053 or international (001) 352 323 3500 (24 hours per day)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/15/2015 **Date of previous issue** : No previous validation **Version** : 1 1/14

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): neoprene. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Causes digestive tract burns.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: Not available.

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
Amines, polyethylenepoly-3,6,9,12-tetra-azatetradecamethylenediamine	Amines, polyethylenepoly-3,6,9,12-tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine	30-60 30-60	68131-73-7 4067-16-7
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction	Amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction	5-10	90640-66-7 (112-57-2)

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. Dry sand or other suitable absorbent.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Halones

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): neoprene
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: neoprene Boots.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: ammonia filter (Type K) ammonia (Type K) and particulate filter

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Yellow. [Dark]
- Odor** : Ammonia.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : 12
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : >350°C (>662°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 184°C (363.2°F)
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not applicable.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : <0.001 kPa (<0.007501 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Miscible in water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: <0
Auto-ignition temperature	: >300°C (>572°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
SADT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): 600 mPa·s (600 cP)
Density	: 1.015 g/cm ³ [20°C]

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. aerosol or mist formation.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, metals and acids. Chlorinated hydrocarbon.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3,6,9,12-tetra-azatetradecamethylenediamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1260 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3250 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture: No applicable toxicity data

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin : Mixture :No applicable toxicity data

Eyes : Mixture: No applicable toxicity data

Respiratory : Mixture: No applicable toxicity data

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Amines, polyethylenepoly-3,6,9,12-tetra-azatetradecamethylenediamine	skin skin	Guinea pig Guinea pig	Sensitizing Sensitizing
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Mixture: No applicable toxicity data

Respiratory : Mixture: No applicable toxicity data

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Amines, polyethylenepoly-3,6,9,12-tetra-azatetradecamethylenediamine	-	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
	-	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction	-	Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Germ Experiment: In vivo	Negative
		Subject: Mammalian-Animal	

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture: No applicable toxicity data

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture: No applicable toxicity data

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture :No applicable toxicity data

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture: No applicable toxicity data

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : No specific data.
- Potential delayed effects** : No specific data.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : No specific data.
- Potential delayed effects** : No specific data.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Amines, polyethylenepoly-3,6,9,12-tetra-	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat	52 mg/kg	-
	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat	52 mg/kg	-
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat	43 mg/kg	26 weeks
	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rabbit	50 mg/kg	31 days

- Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture: No applicable toxicity data
- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	780.8 mg/kg
Dermal	1114.1 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Amines, polyethylenepoly-	EC50 319.3 mg/l	Micro-organism	2 days
	Acute EC50 0.23 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 2.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.16 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
3,6,9,12-tetra- azatetradecamethylenediamine	EC50 164 mg/l	Micro-organism	2 hours
	Acute EC50 0.7 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 17.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 180 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.25 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	14 days
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction	EC50 97.3 mg/l	Micro-organism	2 hours
	NOEC 46 mg/l	Micro-organism	-
	Acute EC50 6.8 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 24.1 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 420 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.5 mg/l	Algae	-

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture: No applicable toxicity data

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture: No applicable toxicity data

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Amines, polyethylenepoly- 3,6,9,12-tetra- azatetradecamethylenediamine	-	-	Not readily
	-	-	Not readily
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
HEPA-S200	<0	-	low
Amines, polyethylenepoly-3,6,9,12-tetra-	-3.67	-	low
azatetradecamethylenediamine	-3.67	-	low
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction	-3.16	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.






Mobility : No specific data.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735
UN proper shipping name	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n. o.s. (amines, polyethylenepoly-)	POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (amines, polyethylenepoly-). Marine pollutant (amines, polyethylenepoly-, 3,6,9,12-tetra-azatetradecamethylenediamine)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n. o.s. (amines, polyethylenepoly-)
Transport hazard class(es)	8 	8  	8  
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.

Section 14. Transport information

<p>Additional information</p>	<p>Limited quantity Yes.</p> <p>Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L</p> <p>Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L</p> <p>Special provisions IB3, T7, TP1, TP28</p>	<p>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</p> <p>Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-B</p> <p>Special provisions 223, 274</p>	<p>The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</p> <p>Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L Packaging instructions: 852</p> <p>Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 856</p> <p>Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L Packaging instructions: Y841</p> <p>Special provisions A3, A803</p>
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Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **United States inventory (TSCA 8b):** All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Amines, polyethylenepoly-3,6,9,12-tetra-	30-60	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
azatetradecamethylenediamine	30-60	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction	5-10	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

Not applicable.

State regulations

- Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: TETRAETHYLENE PENTAMINE
- New York** : None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey** : The following components are listed: TETRAETHYLENEPENTAMINE; 1, 2-ETHANEDIAMINE, N-(2-AMINOETHYL)-N'- [2- [(2-AMINOETHYL)AMINO]ETHYL]-
- Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: 1,2-ETHANEDIAMINE, N-(2-AMINOETHYL)-N'-[2-[(2-AMINOETHYL)AMINO]ETHYL]-

California Prop. 65

None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	3
Flammability		1
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 05/15/2015
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard International transport regulations

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.